

Introduction

Crest Factor Reduction (CFR) is used to limit the dynamic range of the signals being transmitted in Wireless Communications and other applications. Multi-user and multi-carrier signals often have a high peak-to-average ratio (PAR). This places high demands on the data converters and especially limits the efficiency of operation of the Power Amplifiers (PAs) used in cellular base stations. Reducing the PAR is therefore beneficial in increasing PA efficiency by allowing higher average power to be transmitted before saturation occurs.

Features

- Multiple air interface standards supported - MC-GSM, WCDMA, TD-SCDMA, WiMAX, LTE, CDMA2000, Mixed mode (GSM + LTE, TD-SCDMA + LTE, WCDMA + LTE)
- TX BW support of up to 145 MHz
- Meets performance requirements (EVM, PAPR and ACLR) of all air interfaces
- Configurable clock-to-sample ratio
- Configurable number of Cancellation Pulse Generators (CPGs) of 1 to 12 per iteration
- Support for 1, 2, 4 and 8 antennas
- Iteration support for 1 to 8 iterations
- Variable quantization support for 11 to 18 bits
- Configurable latency support
- User-selectable cancellation pulse loading mode
- Cancellation pulse read back support

LogiCORE IP Facts Table	
Core Specifics	
Supported Device Family ⁽¹⁾	Zynq-7000 ⁽²⁾ , Virtex-7, Kintex-7, Artix-7, Virtex-6
Supported User Interfaces	AXI4-Stream, AXI4-Lite
Resources	See Table 1
Provided with Core	
Design Files	Netlist
Example Design	Not Provided
Test Bench	VHDL
Constraints File	ISE: UCF Vivado: XDC
Simulation Model	VHDL and Verilog Structural Simulation Model C Model and MATLAB® Model
Supported S/W Driver	N/A
Tested Design Flows ⁽³⁾	
Design Entry	ISE® Design Suite 14.4 Vivado™ Design Suite 2012.4 ⁽⁴⁾
Simulation	Mentor Graphics ModelSim Synopsys VCS Vivado Simulator
Synthesis	XST Vivado Synthesis
Support	
Provided by Xilinx @ www.xilinx.com/support	

Notes:

1. For a complete listing of supported devices, see the [release notes](#) for this core.
2. Supported in ISE Design Suite implementations only.
3. For the supported versions of the tools, see the [Xilinx Design Tools: Release Notes Guide](#).
4. Supports only 7 series devices.

Overview

Crest Factor Reduction (CFR) is used to limit the dynamic range of the signals being transmitted in Wireless Communications and other applications. Multi-user and multi-carrier signals often have a high peak-to-average ratio (PAR). This places high demands on the data converters and especially limits the efficiency of operation of the Power Amplifiers (PAs) used in cellular base stations. Reducing the PAR is therefore beneficial in increasing PA efficiency by allowing higher average power to be transmitted before saturation occurs.

In a modern transmit chain, CFR is often incorporated with Digital Predistortion (DPD), which acts to linearize the PA, allowing operation at maximum efficiency with spectral compliance. CFR complements DPD because it levels the signal peaks, making accurate correction estimation easier.

The Xilinx® Peak Cancellation -CFR (PC-CFR) core is an efficient, flexible and easy-to-use implementation that supports Virtex®-7, Kintex™-7, Artix™-7, Zynq™-7000, and Virtex-6 FPGA families. It is configurable both in function, supporting all major cellular wireless air interfaces, and in use, supporting many clocking and resource requirements.

Features and General Description

The PC-CFR core processes control and data through industry-standard AXI4 interfaces that allow immediate logic-free connection to other Xilinx IP components and to any general environment. The control interface is AXI4-Lite compliant and the data interface is AXI4-Stream compliant. The control interface provides access to a set of configuration registers and a pulse coefficient RAM and the data interface is used for streaming data in/out of the core. The data flow is unidirectional with no rate or bit-width change. A typical CFR application consists of multiple iterations and multiple antennas that can be configured through the GUI. The core is configured for a particular application through the control interface. In particular, the contents of the pulse coefficient RAM are related to the spectrum of the signal being transmitted. In the product data sheet (DS846) it is shown how to produce these coefficients, and specific details are given for the WCDMA, CDMA2000, WiMAX, TD-SCDMA, GSM and E-UTRAN (LTE) air interfaces. Mixed-mode signal operation is also supported. Pulse coefficients can be pre-configured at generation time through a .coe file or configured in operation through the control interface. There is also provision for a shadow bank of coefficients to be loaded, and then activated with a select signal, to cater to applications where fast dynamic switching is required. Functions that can be run with MATLAB® are supplied for simulation and design of the cancellation pulse.

The core can be configured for clock-to-sample ratios between 1 and 4, and for algorithmic complexity, allowing FPGA resources to be minimized for a given application. The algorithmic complexity is the number of hardware resources available to cancel the signal peaks. These are called Cancellation Pulse Generators.

Resource Requirements and Performance

This section provides data on the resource requirements and performance of the core. Characterization has been done on Virtex-7, Kintex-7, and Virtex-6 FPGAs. Resource requirements and performance are dependent mainly on the Data-Rate, Number of Cancellation Pulse Generators per Iteration, Number of Antennas, Number of Iterations and Max Cancellation Pulse Length. They are also susceptible to the version of implementation tools used. Therefore, these example figures should be used as a guide only and verified before specific use. Maximum clock frequencies quoted do not take clock jitter into account and should be derated by an amount appropriate to the clock source jitter specification.

Table 1 provides resource requirements and performance for the Virtex-7, Kintex-7, and Virtex-6 FPGA families. Resource figures for other configurations can be found in the PC-CFR Product Guide (see [Additional Documentation and Supporting Materials](#)). For all configurations, the default datawidth of 16 bits has been used with the coefficient setup selected as 'Single pulse configurable coefficients'.

Table 1: Resource Requirements and Performance

Antennas	Iterations	Data-Rate (clks/sample)	CPGs/ Iteration	Max CP Length	CP Coeff (0-Real, 1-Cmplx)	Block RAMs (36k/18k)	DSP48s	Slices	LUT/FF	F _{max} (MHz)
Virtex-7 (XC7V585T-1FFG1157)										
2	2	3	6,3	511	1	6/12	32	3525	7107/8332	400
2	4	3	6,6,3,3	511	1	12/24	64	5778	13356/15011	400
Kintex-7 (XC7K325T-1-FBG676)										
2	2	3	6,3	511	1	6/12	32	3162	7162/8134	400
2	4	3	6,6,3,3	511	1	12/24	64	5537	13473/14968	390
Virtex-6 (XC6VLX130T-1FF1156)										
2	2	3	6,3	511	1	6/12	32	3349	6846/8145	380
2	4	3	6,6,3,3	511	1	12/24	64	4749	13505/14436	340

Additional Documentation and Supporting Materials

A product guide (including information on using the bit accurate C model) is available for this core. Access to this material may be requested by clicking on this registration link:

www.xilinx.com/member/pc_cfr_eval/index.htm .

Support

Xilinx provides technical support at www.xilinx.com/support for this LogiCORE™ IP product when used as described in the product documentation. Xilinx cannot guarantee timing, functionality, or support of product if implemented in devices that are not defined in the documentation, if customized beyond that allowed in the product documentation, or if changes are made to any section of the design labeled DO NOT MODIFY.

See the IP Release Notes Guide ([XTP025](#)) for more information on this core. For each core, there is a master Answer Record that contains the Release Notes and Known Issues list for the core being used. The following information is listed for each version of the core:

- New Features
- Resolved Issues
- Known Issues

Licensing and Ordering Information

This Xilinx LogiCORE IP module is provided under the terms of the [Xilinx Core License Agreement](#). The module is shipped as part of the Vivado Design Suite/ISE Design Suite. For full access to all core functionalities in simulation and in hardware, you must purchase a license for the core. Contact your [local Xilinx sales representative](#) for information about pricing and availability.

For more information, visit the PC-CFR [product web page](#).

Information about other Xilinx LogiCORE IP modules is available at the [Xilinx Intellectual Property](#) page. For information on pricing and availability of other Xilinx LogiCORE IP modules and tools, contact your [local Xilinx sales representative](#).

Evaluation

An evaluation license is available for this core. The evaluation version operates in the same way as the full version for several hours, dependant on clock frequency. Allocation of the cancellation pulse generators is then completely disabled, and the data output comprises a delayed version of the data input. If you notice this behavior in hardware, it probably means you are using an evaluation version of the core. The Xilinx tools warn that an evaluation license is being used during netlist implementation. If a full license is installed, delete the old XCO file, reconfigure and regenerate the core.

Revision History

The following table shows the revision history for this document:

Date	Version	Description of Revisions
06/22/11	1.0	Initial Xilinx release. Previous version of this Product Brief is XMP039.
12/18/12	2.0	Updated for 2012.4/14.4. • Real/Complex CP selection added • Number of CPGs/iteration increased to 12 • Core is fully supported in Vivado 2012.4 • Peak detect window is used in place of allocator spacing

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